whose application has been rejected shall attend a pre-submission meeting in accordance with section 10(C) of this rule before resubmitting an application for the same project or activity. If the Commissioner does not mail notice to the applicant of acceptance or rejection of the application within 15 working days, the application is deemed accepted as complete for processing on the 16th working day.

A determination that an application is accepted as complete for processing is based on staff's determination that the application fee has been paid pursuant to section 12 of this rule and that the application form is properly filled out and information is provided for each of the items required by the forms. It is not a review of the sufficiency of that information and does not preclude the Department from requesting additional information during processing or denying the application for failure to provide information necessary for the processing of that application.

- C. Projects requiring multiple licenses. Upon filing of an application which involves an activity or project which will require more than one license from the Department, the Board or Commissioner may require the applicant to submit all other required applications before any such application will be accepted as complete for processing. The processing time for all such consolidated applications is the longest processing time associated with any of the applications. An applicant for a project requiring approval from more than two bureaus should contact the Commissioner's Office of Permit Assistance in the early phase of project development to arrange a departmental pre-application meeting and application coordination.
- D. Title, right or interest. Prior to acceptance of an application for processing, an applicant shall demonstrate to the Department's satisfaction sufficient title, right or interest in all of the property that is proposed for development or use. An applicant must maintain sufficient title, right or interest throughout the entire application processing period. Methods of proving title, right or interest include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) When the applicant owns the property, a copy of the deed(s) to the property must be supplied;
 - (2) When the applicant has a lease or easement on the property, a copy of the lease or easement must be supplied. The lease or easement must be of sufficient duration and terms, as determined by the Department, to permit the proposed construction and reasonable use of the property, including reclamation, closure and post closure care, where required. If the project requires a submerged lands lease from the State, evidence must be supplied that the lease has been issued, or that an application is pending and likely to be approved.
 - (3) When the applicant has an option to buy or lease the property, a copy of the option agreement must be supplied. The option agreement must be sufficient, as determined by the Department, to give rights to title, or a leasehold or easement

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of sufficient duration and terms to permit the proposed construction and use of the property including closure and post closure care, where required;

- (4) When the applicant has eminent domain power over the property, evidence must be supplied as to the ability and intent to use the eminent domain power to acquire sufficient title, right or interest as determined by the Department;
- (5) When the applicant has either a valid preliminary permit or a notification of acceptance for filing of an application for a license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the site which is proposed for development or use, a copy of that permit or notification must be supplied; or
- (6) When the applicant has a written agreement with the landowner where said agreement permits the applicant to spread waste material that will be agronomically utilized by the landowner, a copy of that agreement must be supplied.

The Department may return an application, after it has already been accepted as complete for processing, if the Department determines that the applicant did not have, or no longer has, sufficient title, right or interest. No fees will be refunded if an application is returned for lack of continued title, right or interest.

E. Signatory requirement. Each application submitted to the Department must include the original signature of the applicant, or the applicant's duly authorized officer or agent, under the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined the information submitted in this document and all attachments thereto and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the information is true, accurate, and complete. I authorize the Department to enter the property that is the subject of this application, at reasonable hours, including buildings, structures or conveyances on the property, to determine the accuracy of any information provided herein. I am aware there are significant civil and criminal penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

If an application is signed by an agent, the application must include evidence of the agency signed by the applicant.

F. Burden of proof. An applicant for a license has the burden of proof to affirmatively demonstrate to the Department that each of the licensing criteria in statute or rule has been met. Unless otherwise provided by law, all applications, including renewal, amendment and transfer applications, are subject to the substantive laws and rules in effect on the date the application is accepted as complete for processing. For those matters that are not disputed, the applicant shall present sufficient evidence that the